

# K-BUS<sup>®</sup> KNX/DALI GATEWAY User manual(20130924)

BTDG-01/00.1

**KNX/EIB Intelligent Installation Systems**



## Contents

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<b>1. GENERAL .....</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1 DALI SYSTEM INTRODUCTION .....	3
1.2 PRODUCT AND FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION .....	3
<b>2. TECHNICAL DATA .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3. CIRCUIT AND DIMENSION DIAGRAM.....</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM.....	5
3.2 DIMENSION DRAWING.....	7
<b>4. THE DESIGN &amp; APPLICATION OF THE DALI GATEWAY .....</b>	<b>7</b>
4.1 SWITCHING.....	8
4.2 RELATIVE DIMMING.....	8
4.3 ABSOLUTE DIMMING.....	9
4.4 SCENE .....	9
4.5 CONTROLLING VIA CHOOSING THE DEVICES.....	9
4.6 GROUP CONTROLLING.....	10
4.7 BROADCAST CONTROL .....	10
4.8 STAIRCASE LIGHTING .....	10
4.9 REPORT OF VARIOUS STATE .....	10
4.10 EIB AND DALI BUS RESETTING.....	11
4.11 LED DISPLAY .....	11
4.12 MANUAL OPERATION .....	12
4.13 OPERATING STEPS.....	13
<b>5. PARAMETER SETTING DESCRIPTION IN THE ETS.....</b>	<b>13</b>
5.1 PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE.....	13
5.2 PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE 'CHANNEL A' .....	15
5.2.1 " <i>dynamic</i> " mode of operation.....	22
5.3 PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE " DYNAMIC " .....	25
5.4 PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE "CONTROL".....	26
5.5 PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE " STATUS " .....	29
<b>6. DESCRIPTION OF COMMUNICATION OBJECTS.....</b>	<b>32</b>
6. 1 FOR A SINGLE DALI DEVICE OBJECT OF COMMUNICATION .....	32

## 1. General

This manual provides detailed technical information about the KNX/DALI GATEWAY for users as well as assembly and programming details, and gives the parameters of the database related instructions. KNX/DALI GATEWAY has achieved the conversion between DALI protocol and KNX protocol.

Connect the KNX system and DALI system through the interface, using the computer operating interface it can be set up the two-way communication between the KNX group address and DALI system, it also can implement other functions like single-address dimming, switching, setting scenes, groups and broadcasting, it can control 16 scenes, 16 groups and 64 single-addresses.

DALI interface can be connected up to 64 DALI devices. By a communication object, each DALI device can perform the function of switching, dimming, brightness value setting independently. 64 DALI devices in Channels can perform the function of switching, dimming via the group or broadcasting mode. Each DALI device can be provided with 16 scenes and can be assigned to 16 different groups.

### 1.1 DALI System Introduction

There are up to 64 slave units in the same DALI network, and each slave unit has a Short address. A slave unit also can be assigned to a group and exist up to 16 groups at the same time, and that a slave unit may belong to different groups. Host can also send the information to all slave units. The main features of DALI protocol: asynchronous serial communication, 1200 baud, two different wire signals, a DALI BUS can connect 64 slaves, each slave can be addressed individually, but can't process the two-way communication.

### 1.2 Product and functional description

KNX/DALI GATEWAY - 1 fold is a modular installation device, using EIB BUS connection terminals to connect to the system. The DALI GATEWAY needs an extra voltage supply to connect to the AC power supply directly. It is able to use the Engineering Tool Software ETS(ETS2 v1.3 or later) with VD2/VD3 file to allocate the physical address and set the parameters, but a VD3 file imported is required for EST3 software.

DALI GATEWAY can control up to 64 DALI devices, the switching status and current brightness value of

each DALI devices is visible.

There are same following functions and features for each DALI devices:

- Switching: ON or OFF according to the preset value
- Dimming: dimmer depending on the step
- Scene: you can set 16 scenes, each scene can be configured to different brightness values
- Grouping: can be assigned up to 16 different groups
- Threshold: can configure the minimum and maximum brightness values
- Status response

## 2. Technical data

### Power supply:

**Auxiliary power supply voltage:** AC100--240V, 50~60Hz

**Auxiliary power input power consumption:** <=6W(220V,full-load)

**Auxiliary power input Current:** <=28mA(220V,full-load)

**Device power consumption:** <=3W(220V,full-load)

**EIB/KNX Current consumption:** < 12mA at 30 V DC

**EIB/KNX Power consumption:** < 360mW

### DALI output:

**Total number of Devices on the channel:** 64 DALI devices

**The distance between DALI GATEWAY and DALI devices:**

CSA(cross sectional area of Cable):	distance between DALI GATEWAY and DALI devices
0.5	120
0.75	182
1	241
1.5	315

### Connection:

EIB/KNX: an EIB BUS connection terminal

Auxiliary power supply: AC100 - 240V, 50 ~ 60Hz

Load Circuit: 2 terminals every road

CSA of cable: single core 0.2-4.0mm<sup>2</sup>

Multicore: 0.2-2.5mm<sup>2</sup>

## Operation and display:

### Indicator LED:

**Yellow(error):** indicate error message of DALI slave

**Red(init):** indicate configuration of DALI slave properties

**Green(run):** indicate that DALI voltage is normal, the gateway is running normal

### Programming LED:

**Red:** Used for programming

**Green LED flashes:** indicating that the application layer of the device is working properly

## Control keys:

**Programming keys:** for programming

**TEST button:** for testing DALI BUS devices and the address of the initialization

**Type of protection:** IP 20(EN 60529)

**Protection level:** 2(EN 61 140)

### Temperature Range:

Operation: -5° C ... + 45° C

Storage: -25°C...+ 55°C

Transport: -25°C...+ 70°C

**Housing and color:** plastic housing, white

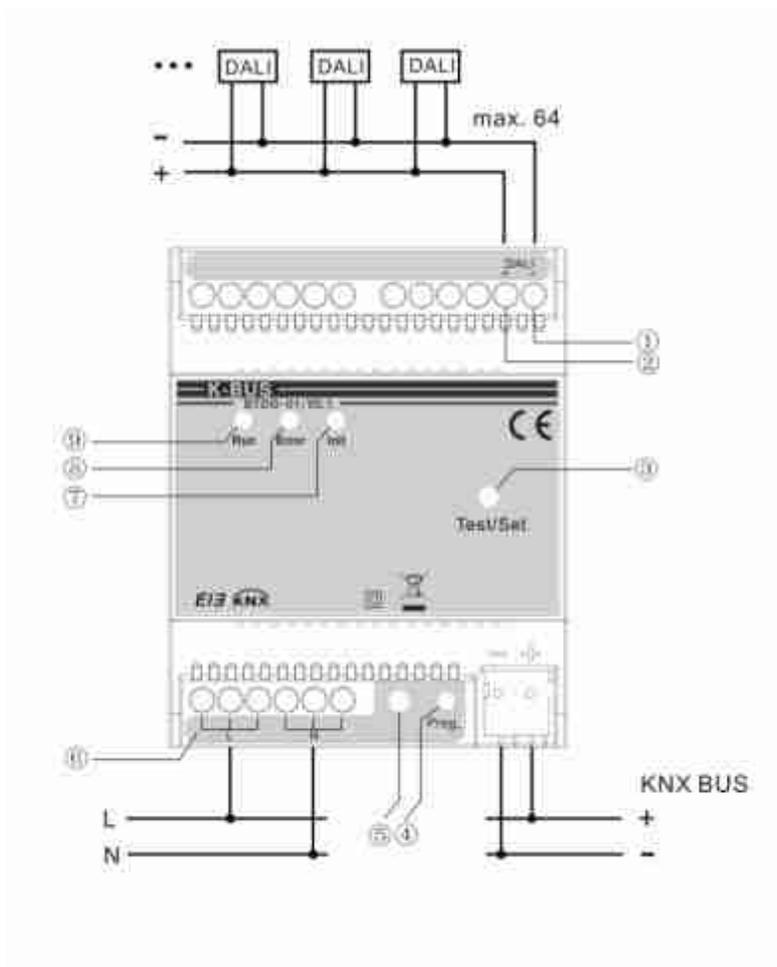
**Installation:** On 35mm DIN rail

**Dimensions:** 92X113X91MM(H x W x D)

**CE standards:** EN50491-5-1,EN50491-5-2,EN50491-3

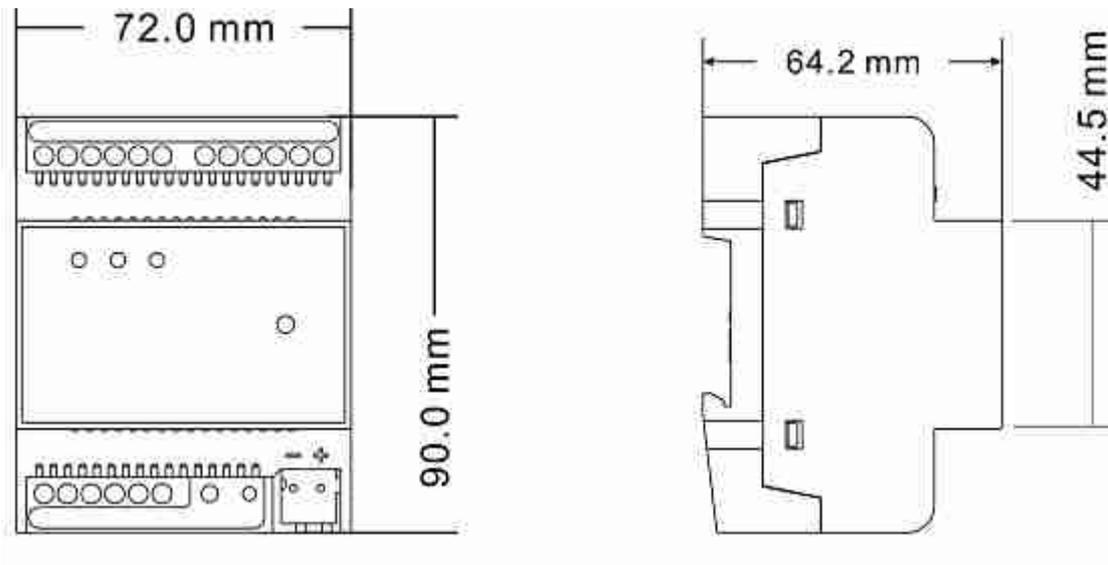
## 3. Circuit and Dimension diagram

### 3.1 Circuit diagram



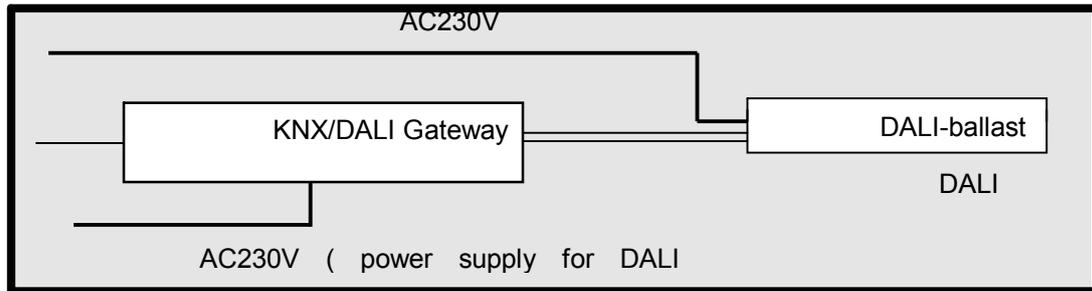
- ① DALI Outputs -
- ② DALI Outputs +
- ③ Test/Set Button
- ④ Programming LED
- ⑤ Programming Button
- ⑥ 230V Auxiliary
- ⑦ Red LED (INIT)
- ⑧ Yellow LED (ERROR)
- ⑩ Green LED (RUN)

**3.2 Dimension drawing**



**4. The Design & Application of The DALI Gateway**

Diagram:



**Application:**

Application	The maximum communication object number	The maximum group address	The maximum united group address
Dali Gateway, 1fold	235	250	250

**Function Introduction**

## 4.1 Switching

If a telegram with the value “1” is received via the communication object” Lamp burn-in”, all devices on the channel may only be operated 0%(off)or 100% brightness for the burn-in time set for this parameter. This applies independently of the other dimming, on/off and light scene brightness values which have been set. The burn-in time has priority over all other settings. after the burn-in time has elapsed or the function is deactivated(telegram value of the communication object “Lamp burn-in” equal to “0”,the channel can be dimmed and programmed light scenes can be accessed.

## 4.2 Relative Dimming

After a start command is received, the brightness is changed in the defined direction (upward or downward) with the parameterized speed. Dimming values which are greater than or less than the max. or min. values will not be set, the parameterized max. or min. value are retained when dimming continued. When the telegrams is less or equaling to the min. value, you can program to switch off or retain the brightness of the min. value. Also, when a telegram with the value“0”,you can set up to switch off the channel or retain the lightness of the lowest values. It realizes the relative dimming via 4 bit. The max.is“1”indication of upward dimming, the min“0”indication of downward dimming.

Relative dimming setting:(1~7,downward; 0、8retaining(stopping); 9~15upward )

Parameter	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Downward dimming	Retaining	25	73	52	37	14	7	4
	No	5						
	Downward dimming							

Parameter	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Upward dimming	Retaining	25	73	52	37	14	7	4
	No upward	5						

	dimming							
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### 4.3 Absolute Dimming

8bit telegrams realize the needed brightness via changing the brightness telegrams (similar the relative dimming) or the brightness scope, a low value and a high value while the brightness can only changed between this scope, the max.0~the min. ~255. When switching on the light, it can be set to turn on the light in a delayed time or to brighten gradually to a already set brightness value in a default time, the same to the switching off.

The brightness value restrict the total output value of the dimmer, any telegrams out of this scope will not be outputted.

I can also realize the below function via setting the brightness parameter. When a telegram with the value“0”,you can set up to switch off the channel or retain the lightness of the lowest values. You can also set up to switch on the lights or not when receiving the brightness telegrams.

### 4.4 Scene

It supports 16 scenes(1-16) to control the DALI device in 8 data bit. You can set up a brightness value and the dimming time when switching on for each scene. After that, you can choose any scene you like at any time. The DALI devices in the channel can choose the 16 scenes via the scene order, it can also applies the current brightness in the correspondent scene.

### 4.5 Controlling via choosing the devices

DALI devices in the channel can be chosen separately to individually control so that it can realize the relative dimming, absolute dimming, checking the state of the ballast and the lamps, and the group address it belongs to, or adding or deleting some of the group address. Only the DALI devices are in normal condition can they be chosen to control.

## 4.6 Group Controlling

Every DALI devices in the channel belongs to 16 groups at the same time. And it exists multiple DALI devices in each group so that you can divide different DALI devices into different groups and to realize the individual controlling, like switching or dimming.

## 4.7 Broadcast control

In the broadcast control mode, all the DALI devices in the channel can be switched on/off or dimmed at the same time, while if the time for dimming is not unified, the Change in brightness is also not the same.

## 4.8 Staircase lighting

When the dimmer actuator is used to control the staircase lamps, after the staircase lighting is activated the lamps should be lit at a certain value, then changing to another value and after a certain time, it will be switched off.

The staircase lighting function is triggered by switching the button on/off(telegram with value“1”).

switch control process: a telegram received with the value“1”, the DALI devices will be the dynamic dimming mode: lamps should be lit at a certain value( set in advance), then changing to another value and after a certain time(set in advance),a “1”telegram in the hold phase means that the hold phase will run again(retriggering).When a telegram“0”is received, the lamps will switch off.(telegram with value“1”means to turn on while telegram with value“0 means to turn off).

## 4.9 Report of various state

There are main three faults for the DALI Gateway: the ballast faults, the lamps faults and voltage failure. The DALI devices will not work under the three above conditions. While checking the DALI devices, find one or more lamps or ballasts faults, the DALI Gateway will report it to the EIB bus via the communication object 1bit.But under normal condition, the DALI Gateway

will not check these faults automatically. Once it has the voltage failure of the communication port, the DALI Gateway will report the faults to the EIB bus.

#### **4.10 EIB and DALI Bus resetting**

The DALI Gateway is composed of the DALI bus and the EIB bus, so the DALI Gateway will only work normally when connecting the 230V and the EIB power supply. When the EIB bus resetting, it will report switch state and the current brightness value of DALI devices in the channel. And after the recovery of 230AC voltage of DALI Gateway, it will check the switch state and current brightness value of DALI devices in the channel and report to the EIB bus, besides, it will send the number of the DALI devices in the channel to the EIB bus and check automatically the existing DALI devices having no address.

#### **4.11 LED Display**

Green LED: Lights will turn green if the voltage supply is present and will keep it green if the 220AC voltage supply and communication with KNX bus is normal. While the DALI Gateway initializes the DALI devices in the channel, green lights turn off. The green lights is the symbol of the normal function of the DALI Gateway, the normal communication of the DALI bus and the EIB bus.

Yellow LED : Lights will turn yellow in the event of a DALI fault. And a DALI fault is a DALI short circuit or a ballast or a lamp fault. Lights will keep yellow under the condition of the short circuit. While testing the DALI devices in channel via the communication object, the DALI Gateway will send the fault telegrams of devices to report the lamp fault to the EIB bus. Then it will test the DALI devices in the channel and the DALI Gateway will work normally after the yellow lights turn off.

Red LED(D1):The red LED shows the Gateway in various programming mode, please check it in details below:

The Lights keep red: when the DALI Gateway is assigning address for the device channel, the green LED turn off while the red LED turn on. And after finishing the assigning the address,

the red LED turn off while the red LED turn on.

The red LED flashes 300ms:1, under the manual operation mode, pressing test button(2s-5s) to update the data of the DALI Gateway, the red LED flashes.2, while resetting the DALI bus, the red LED flashes.

The red LED flashes 100ms:1, the red LED flashes while finishing the download of the data base, and the DALI Gateway are doing the configuration and initialization according to the data base.2, the red LED flashes while the DALI Gateway is testing the DALI devices.

## 4.12 Manual Operation

The DALI test button is used to test the DALI equipment.

Short press (20ms - 2S): The DALI Gateway will turn on/off the DALI devices to test the function of the DALI devices .At the same time, it will report the switch and brightness state to the EIB bus.

Long press(2s – 5s): it is used to update the data of the DALI Gateway, which will test the current brightness value, the switch state, the address to know the state of the DALI devices(operating in the process of installation or updating).If the DALI devices in the channel have no address, it will be assigned a address while initialization .If the new installed devices have already the address, then the system will not assign it again no matter this address is repeated or not.

Long press(>5s): it is used to initialize DALI devices in the channel and assign the DALI devices automatically from 0.The more devices, the longer time for assigning the address(during this process, no other operation and the DALI Gateway will not deal with the telegram of EIB bus). If newly DALI devices have already the DALI address, but the address is the same with the other installed devices, then it will need to assign DALI address of all the devices.

If it needs to add new DALI devices in the process of installation, users will need to connect new DALI devices in the DALI channel individually and assign the address via object “assigned DALI address”. The DALI Gateway will erase the existing address of the newly installed devices and it will be no address when the communication object receives the telegram“0”. The DALI Gateway will assign a new address which follows the previous address when the communication

object receives the telegram“1”.For example, there are 6 DALI devices and their address is 0-5, if the address of the new installed devices is 4. Then it will disconnect these 6 devices from the DALI bus and erase the address 4 of the newly devices, and it will be reassigned a new address of 6. After finishing the assignment, it needs reconnected previous 6 devices in the DALI bus. While the DALI devices is in the state of no address, it can be controlled via the short test push button of the broadcasting mode.

Notice: While assigning address, if two DALI devices share with the same random address are assigned at the same time, they will be possibly assigned the same DALI address. Under this circumstances, it will need to assign the address individually for these two DALI devices.

### **4.13 Operating Steps**

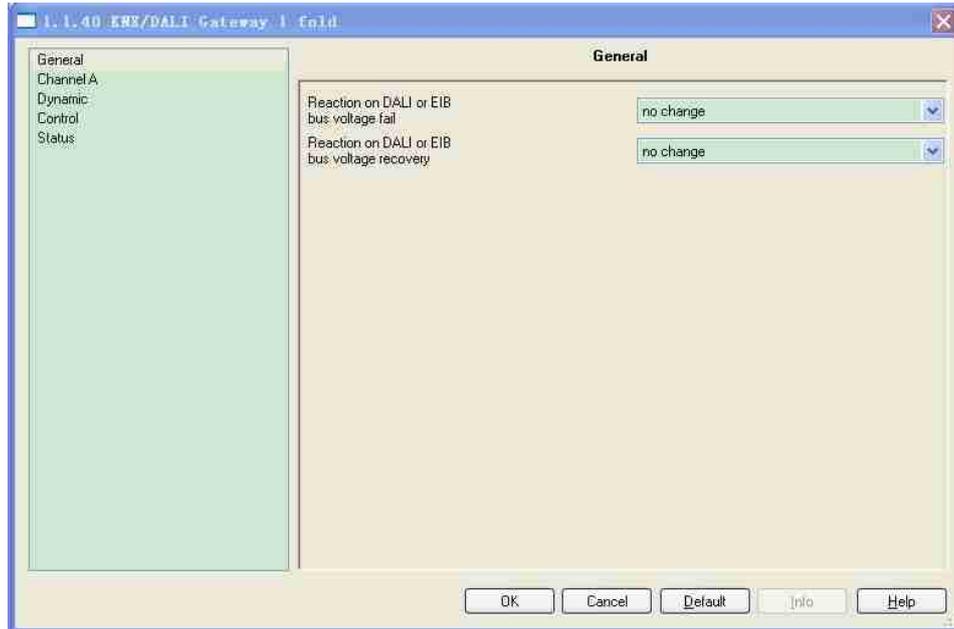
Before downloading the data base, it will need to initializing devices in the DALI bus. First, press the test button for more than 5 second, the DALI Gateway will begin to initialize devices in the bus and assign the address from 0 to 64. After assigning the address, users can test the devices in the DALI bus (such as object “switch/status”) via the ETS3/EST4 software. It can test the corresponding device number of each lamp, test if there is DALI devices faults of each channel; Second, to configure devices and download the configured parameters to the Gateway; Finally, to update the Gateway data via pressing the test button for 2-5s.Then it can operate the devices, during this, if there is some problems with the brightness, it will need to download again the configured parameters.

Notice :if you does not to operate following the above steps, DALI devices will not be controlled like the preset brightness value.

## **5. Parameter setting description in the ETS**

### **5.1 Parameter setting interface**

In the “General” parameter window, configuration of the basic parameters are effective for all DALI GATEWAY devices.



Picture 5.1 “General set”

—Parameter “Reaction on DALI or EIB bus voltage failure”

“Reaction on DALI or EIB bus voltage failure”

This parameter shows the action of DALI devices on the channel of DALI GATEWAY in the case of EIB/KNX bus voltage failure. Options:

No change

Max brightness value

Min brightness value

Off

“No change”

“Max brightness value”;

“Min brightness value”

“Off”

This parameter defines the performed actions on the channel DALI GATEWAY of all DALI devices in the case of EIB/KNX bus voltage failure, “Max brightness value” and “Min brightness value” indicate the maximum & minimum luminance value. When the option is “OFF”, DALI GATEWAY will close all devices on the channel at this failure situation.

When the option is “no change”, DALI GATEWAY do nothing for the DALI devices on the

channel, so the DALI devices on the channel will maintain current state of the luminance value and the switch status. If the DALI devices is in dynamic dimmer mode, then DALI device will maintain the current state unchanged, will not turn off automatically.

—Parameter “Reaction on DALI or EIB bus voltage recovery”

This parameter configure after programming or the EIB bus voltage recovery, actions from DALI GATEWAY to DALI devices on the channel. Options:

No change

Max brightness value

Min brightness value

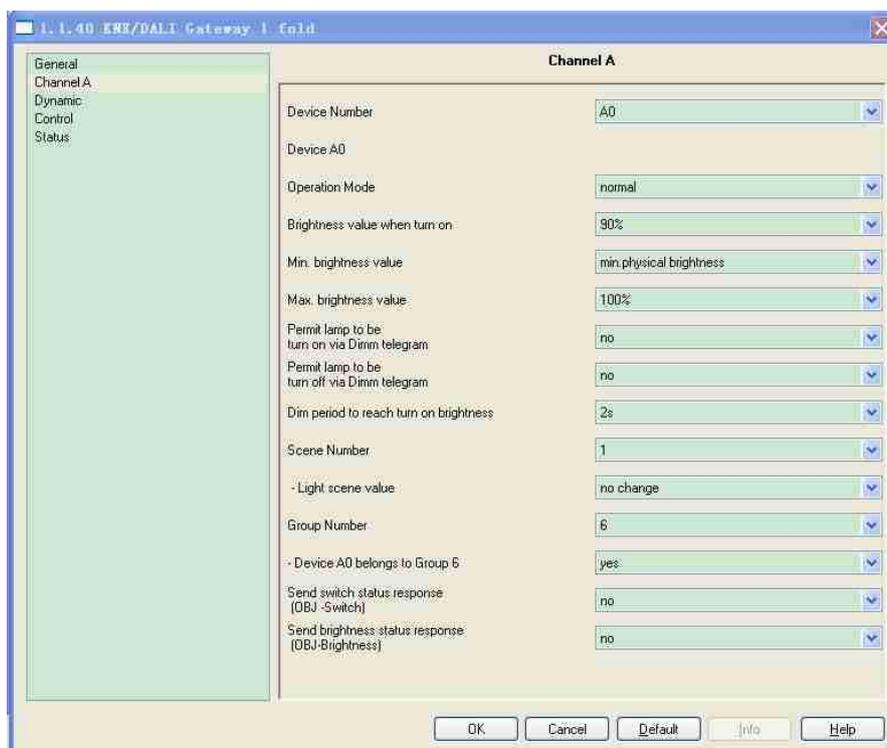
Off

This parameter defines performed actions of DALI devices on the channel when DALI GATEWAY or EIB bus voltage returns to the normal condition. “Max brightness value” and “Min brightness value” indicate the maximum & minimum luminance value. When the option is “OFF”, DALI GATEWAY will close all devices on the channel at this failure situation.

When the option is “no change”, DALI GATEWAY do nothing for the DALI devices on the channel, so the DALI devices on the channel will maintain current state of the luminance value and the switch status. If the DALI devices is in dynamic dimmer mode, then DALI device will maintain the current state unchanged, will not turn off automatically.

## 5.2 Parameter setting interface ‘Channel A’

This interface is setting for parameters of each DALI device, selecting the device number, it will appear the corresponding parameters for each device number, such as switching, dimming, setting the brightness value, the rate of dimming, scene, group, mode, etc, can set parameters up to 64 devices and the parameters of each device are the same, but you can configure to the different application according to your demand. The following parameters for example will be described.



Picture 5.2 “Channel A” (normal)

——Parameter “Device Number” Parameter “Device Number”

This parameter is used to select the device number what you want to configure the DALI device. Options: A0 ....A63 correspond to the “Device A0” to “ Device A63”.

Select DALI device properties configured on the channel, when you select different device, the following parameters need to be reconfigured, and that the following parameters are correspond for the device properties.

——Parameter “Operating mode” Parameter “ Operation mode”

This parameter sets the operating mode of DALI devices Ax(x=0...63).

Options:

Normal

Dynamic

Normal dimming mode used to control the general lighting system, it can be set the rate of dimming, the brightness value of switches, dimming, setting the brightness value for each DALI devices, it also can be assigned to multiple scenes number, through the scene function to call the brightness value be set until the brightness is suitable for the required ambient, the operation of grouping, normalizing multiple DALI devices to the same group, the groups can be control of

switching and dimming directly.

Dynamic dimming mode is used to control staircase lights, DALI device changes the brightness values according to the period to achieve Staircase lighting function, such as open stair lights, output delay for a period of time and turns off automatically. If the dimming mode has the dynamic attribute, the correspond device are not assigned to a group, thus can not be the main control, but can be dimming control in the broadcast mode, set the scene value.

——Parameter “Brightness value when turned on”

This parameter sets the switch brightness value from  $A_x(x=0\cdots63)$  of DALI devices. When the object “Ax Switch” receives the message “ON”, DALI device will turn on the lights in this brightness value. Options:

Min physical brightness

10%, 20%, ..., 100%,

last brightness value

Select “Min physical brightness”, DALI device turns on the lamp in the minimum physical luminance value. If this minimum physical luminance value is less than the limited value, the brightness of the lamp is turned on in the lower limit value. The lower brightness limit value can be set by the parameter “Min brightness value”.

If the “10%/.../100%” option is selected, DALI device turns on the lamp with the preset brightness value. If this preset value is less than the lower brightness limit value, turn on the lamp with the lower brightness limit value; if this preset value is more than high brightness limit value, turns on the lamp with the high brightness limit value. The high brightness limit value can be set by the parameter “Min./Max .brightness value” .

If the “last brightness value” option is selected, DALI devices light up with the last brightness value what is not “0” of the steady state. When the DALI device is in the dimming state, the brightness value of this device can't be detected accurately by the GATEWAY, so DALI GATEWAY just keep the last brightness value of the DALI device in the steady state. When DALI GATEWAY does not save the last brightness value, that DALI device will open with a default brightness value(200).

Note:

The minimum physical brightness value is determined by the physical properties of DALI device, different models of DALI devices have different physical properties, then what the minimum brightness value to support is different.

— **Parameter “Minimal brightness value”**

This parameter is used to set the minimal brightness value of DALI devices Ax.

Options:

min. physical brightness

5% , 10%, … ,70%

If the minimum brightness value is less than the minimum physical brightness value, then the light will be turn on with the minimum physical brightness value as its lower limit value, this is determined by the technical performance of DALI device.

— **Parameter “Maximum brightness value”**

This parameter is used to set the maximum brightness value of DALI devices Ax.

Options:

30%, 40%, …, 100%

The minimum & maximum brightness value limit the whole light output of DALI device Ax, the brightness of DALI device only can be adjusted within this range. The brightness value which is not in this range can not be output, such as 1~255 belong to this range, the minimum value is 40%, the maximum value is 90%, then its output range is 40%~90%. If the brightness value is 92%, it will not be output. The brightness start to dimmer directly in the minimum value under the increasing from 0%. On the contrary, the brightness begin to dimmer with the maximum value under the reducing from 100%.

Through the above two configuration parameters, the threshold of this DALI device is be set, then in the dimming process, DALI device only can dimmer within this range of brightness value.

— **Parameter “Permit lamp to be turned on via dim telegram”**

This parameter sets whether it can open the DALI device through the relative function in the case of the brightness value of DALI device is 0. Options:

No

Yes

If the brightness value of this DALI device is in the inactive state, when selecting “yes”, DALI device can be open by the communication object of the relative dimming function, the brightness value will not be 0 any longer.

On the contrary, when “no” is selected, this DALI device in the inactive state can not be open via the communication object of the relative dimming function, it can not be relative dimming control.

— **Parameter “Permit lamp to be turned off via dim telegram”**

This parameter sets whether it can close the DALI device through the relative function in the case of the brightness value of DALI device is not 0.

Options:

No

Yes

When this DALI device is in the open state, the brightness value is not 0, when “yes” is selected, DALI device can be closed via the communication object of the relative dimming function. When the brightness value of DALI device reaches the minimum brightness value, close the device immediately.

On the contrary, when “no” is selected, DALI device can not be closed via the communication object of the relative dimming control. Then this device only can be adjusted in the minimum brightness value.

Note: The above two parameters have no effect to the relative dimming on the mode of setting of operations and broadcast control. When the devices on the channel are setting of operation and controlling of broadcast, the relative dimming function of DALI GATEWAY can be used to high light gradually the DALI device from the off state or low light it from the open state until the close state.

— **Parameter “Dim period to reach turn on brightness”**

This parameter defines the duration for the DALI devices Ax transfer the current brightness values to the target brightness value, that is dimming rate, adjusted the light by a gentle gradient.

Optional:

Immediate

0.7s

2s

...

90s

It 's certain for the dimming time. No matter dimming from 100% to 60%, or to 0%, the duration of dimming is the time of the parameter preset. For example, if the parameter is preset to 4s, then the dimming time is always 4s, from 100% to 60% or from 100% to 0%.

No matter in what way to switch the light, or dim the light, such as switches, scenes, dimming, adjust the brightness values, and so on, the duration of the adjustment is defined by the parameter.

Note : Due to differences between the DALI devices, there are some differences for dimming time parameters.

Configuration of DALI device scene :

Each DALI device can be configured with 16 different scenes, the following two parameters are used to configure the scenes of DALI devices Ax.

——**Parameter “Scene Number”**

The parameter is to select the scenes to be set, optional: 1-16

This parameter defines the brightness value of the DALI devices to be configured in 16 different scenes. When selecting different scenes No., the following parameters need to be reconfigured.

——**Parameter “Light scene value”**

This parameter defines the scene brightness value of the DALI devices to meet different brightness values in different needs. Optional:

OFF

10%

...

100%

No change

When the option from "off" to 100%, DALI gateway has configured brightness values for

different scenes, the brightness be allocated among threshold.

When the option is "no change", the DALI gateway will call the scene, meanwhile the DALI devices are not affected, keeping the current brightness value and switch status.

The default option is "no change", DALI gateway needs to store the current luminance value as the scene. Then the device will adjust the brightness value the next time you call the scenes.

( Notes : For each device in DALI protocol, there are 16 scenes which can distribute different brightness values. When Scene Database Configuration Optional configuration is " no change ", which means DALI gateway send called scene DALI command, DALI device is not responding. While implementation of dynamic mode is through called scene DALI command to change DALI device brightness value. When the scene is set to " no change ", then the brightness of the device won't change in dynamic mode )

#### **Configuration of DALI device Group:**

Each DALI devices can be assigned to as many as 16 different groups, we can operate switching, dimming and the brightness value setting of the each group of DALI gateway. The parameter interface 5.2 only sets the groups devices belonging to. As to if enabled the group control, please refer to the parameter settings of interface 5.4.

#### **——Parameter “Group Number” Parameter " Group Number "**

The parameter is to select the group you want to set, you can set a maximum of 16 groups, options: 1-16

#### **——Parameter "device Ax belong to Group y[y=1...16 ]"**

This parameter is used to add the device Ax to the group you want to set. Optional:

*Yes*

*No*

Select "yes", the DALI Devices Ax added to the group will be set ;

Select "No", not added.

Object " selected device remove from Group " and object " selected device Add to Group " to modify the group DALI devices belong to, and it will be saved when power down.

#### **——Parameter " Send switch status response ( object " switch/status " ) "**

Optional:

No

Only if value change

Always

The default option is " no ", regardless of whether the DALI devices switch status change, status messages will not sent.

For option " only if value change ", when the status value of DALI devices changes by switching, dimming, scene controlling, if status is stable, the status will be sent immediately. Due to the relatively slow communication rate of DALI protocol and the number of devices on the bus, there will have a certain delay for the switch status messages sending.

For option " always ", it is always reported to the EIB bus if the current status of DALI devices is received, regardless of whether the brightness values change.

——**Parameter " Send brightness status response ( object " Brightness value/status " ) "**

Optional:

No

Only if value change

Always

The default option is " no ", regardless of whether the DALI devices brightness values change, status messages won't be sent.

For option " only if value change ", when the brightness value of DALI devices changes by switching, dimming, scene controlling, if the brightness reach to the preset value, the brightness value will be sent immediately. Due to the relatively slow communication rate of DALI protocol and the number of devices on the bus, there will have a certain delay for the messages sending and brightness value messages.

For option " always ", when the current brightness value messages are received, it will be sent immediately, regardless of whether the brightness values change.

### 5.2.1 " dynamic " mode of operation

Under " dynamic " operating mode, the parameter settings interface of the device Ax is as shown in the following figure, the " dynamic " mode is used primarily to situations of controlling the stairs of lighting. The so-called dynamic model is to call different scene values in three

different time stages, which has to be configured conjunction with the parameters of " dynamic " interface.

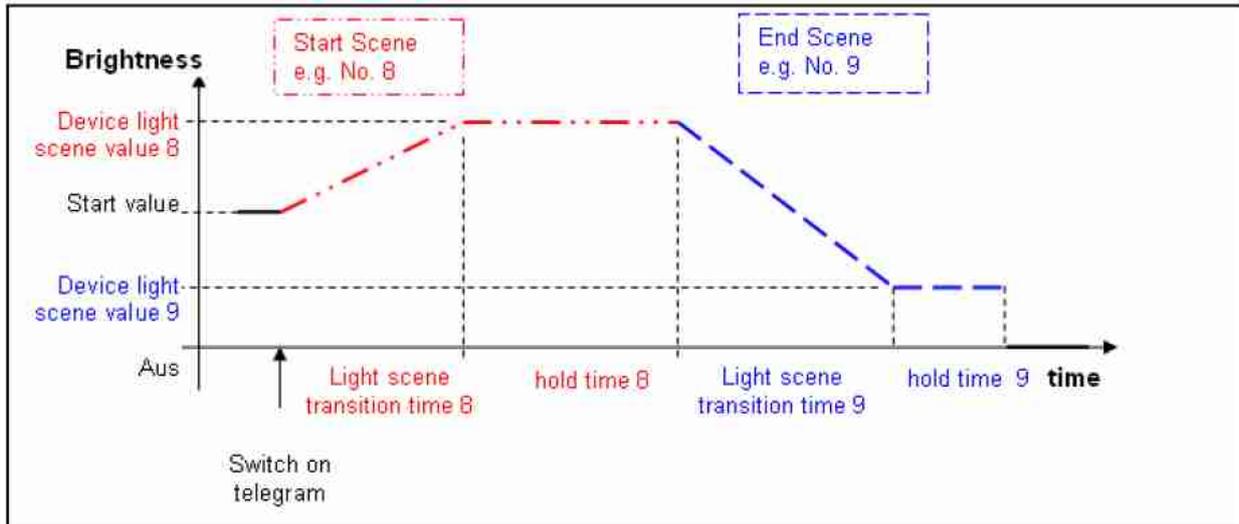
When the DALI devices configured with a dynamic dimming mode, DALI device starts sending " 1 " by the object " switch/status " of the device. DALI devices in dynamic mode can be relatively and absolutely dimmed via the communication object. DALI devices in a dynamic dimming mode can control dimming through communication objects of relative and absolute dimming .

In addition, the DALI devices in the dynamic mode can be group assigned and cannot be selected to control, in the relative dimming process the DALI device can be on and off in this mode. In this mode, DALI devices can implement the stair lights function, and can work as an ordinary light.



Figure 5.2 parameter settings interface " channel A" ( dynamic)

If the dynamic dimming mode is selected, DALI devices will be in dynamic dimming working mode, similar to the stair lighting function. Once the dynamic mode of DALI devices starts, the device will call the first scene of " dynamic " , then starting call the second scene after a period, then automatically shut down after a period, and brightness value changes to 0. Meanwhile, in dynamic dimming mode, message " 0 " can be sent by the communication object "



switch/status " of the device, the DALI device will shut down directly, not after dimming process, dynamic dimming mode ends.

Dynamic dimming mode is divided into 5 phases, as shown in the following figure :

When DALI devices receive an " on " command, dynamic dimming mode starts, implemented as follows : ( Suppose no.9 begins scenes configuration, no.10 end scene configuration)

1. " Scene 9 " of DALI devices is called by DALI gateway, the current brightness values of the DALI device gradually turn to " scene 9 ". The dimming time of the process can be set by the parameter " Dim period to reach turn on brightness resp.Off state ".

2. The duration of " scene 9 " of DALI devices can be figured via parameters " Start scene hold time ", the brightness value of the device will continue for some time, then enter to next Status.

3. For " scene 9 " gradually turn to the " scene 10 " of DALI devices, the time required is the dimming time set in parameter " Dim period to reach turn on brightness resp.Off state ".

4. DALI devices " scene 10 " will keep the brightness values for some time, duration is configured by the parameter " Start scene hold time ".

5. When duration of " scene 10 " of DALI devices ends, the device will get dark gradually until shut down, then dynamic dimming mode ends.

Note: There can't be too many communication objects in the same group address, because

Baud rate of DALI protocol is only 1.2k, which is relatively lower. There allow maximum 7 communication objects connected to the same group address.

### 5.3 Parameter setting interface "Dynamic "

The parameters window is to configure the scene and duration of DALI Gateway dynamic controlling mode.

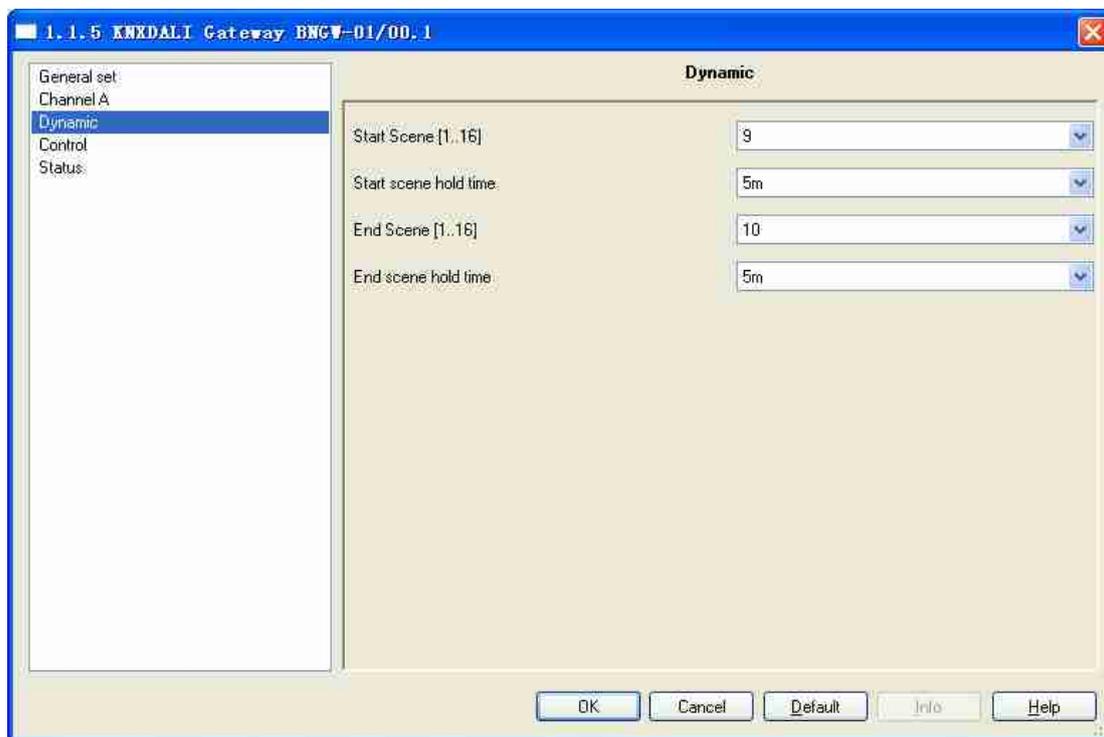


Figure 5.3 parameter settings interface "Dynamic"

#### —The parameter " Start scenes "

Optional: 1, 2,,,,,, 16

This parameter is used to select the called scenes of DALI device of the beginning stage in dynamic dimming mode. And the scene No. Option of the DALI device cannot be " no change " if select dynamic mode.

The parameter " Start scene hold Time "

Optional: 1s,.....

The parameter defines the duration of starting a scene in the dynamic mode. This duration counts after DALI devices reach the brightness values of the scene setting in beginning stage.

—Parameter " End Scene "

Optional: 1,,,,, 16

This parameter is used to select the called scene in the end of the stage in dynamic dimming mode. And the scene No. Option of the DALI device cannot be " no change " if select dynamic mode.

—Parameter " end scene hold Time "

Optional: 1s.....

The parameter defines the duration of starting a scene in the dynamic mode. This duration counts after DALI devices reach the brightness values of the scene setting in ending stage.

## 5.4 Parameter setting interface "control"

The window parameter defines the initial value of devices on the DALI bus for group control and radio control. DALI devices on the channel can control switching, dimming and brightness values via communication object of group and broadcast mode.

Group control mode, convenient for operating one or more devices with the same properties at the same time. If properties of devices in the same group are different, there will be different dimming effects for DALI devices. Implement procedures of group controlling: first select a group by object " selected group ", and then you can operate switching, dimming and brightness value settings, and the DALI devices in the selected group will perform the operation.

Broadcast Control model, convenient for DALI gateway to control all DALI devices on the channel, including switching, relative and absolute dimming, save and cal the value of the scene.

In the group control and broadcast control mode, DALI gateway can turn on of off DALI devices via relative dimmable.

( Note : In the group and broadcast control mode, properties of DALI devices in each group are different, so brightness variation of the devices is not consistent in the process of dimming. If the DALI devices are in a dynamic dimming mode, these two control modes is effective for it.

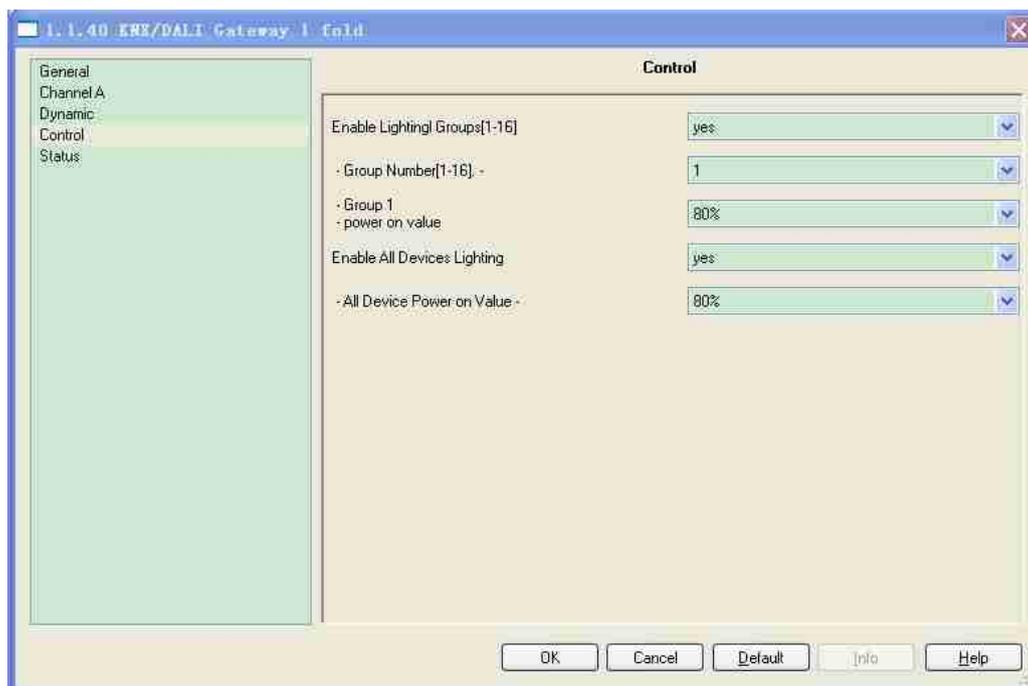


Figure 5.4 parameter setting interface " control "

——Parameter " Enable control groups[1-16] "

This parameter is configured whether to Group control the DALI devices on the channel.

Optional:

No

Yes

If you select " yes ", the group control is enabled, and the object used to group control " selected group on/off ", " selected group REL.Dimming " and " Selected group set value " will be visible. You can operate switching, dimming and brightness value setting of DALI devices in the selected group through these objects. If the group is assigned to the device, please refer to configuration of the DALI device group in parameter interface 5.2.

The following two parameters is to configure devices brightness value of a switching selected group. First select a group No., then configure a brightness value for the group No. when turning on or off. So when operate a group of switches control, devices in the group will turn on with this brightness value.

——Parameter " group number[1-16] "

The parameter is to select the group number you want to configure. Optional: 1.....16

—Parameter " group ( x ) power on Value "

The parameters is to configure a brightness value for the selected group when turning on or off. Optional:

Min physical brightness

10%

20%

...

100%

In the group control mode, DALI devices in the group will turn on with power value in the option. ( Note : Make sure that the range of brightness values of each DALI device, if the over power is above the value of the maximum brightness value of the DALI Device, then the device will turn on in the maximum brightness value of the device, rather than the brightness value of the parameter configuration)

—Parameter " Enable all devices lighting "

This parameter defines whether to activate the Broadcast Control Model of DALI devices on the bus. Optional:

No

Yes

If you select " yes ", broadcast control is enabled, and the objects used to broadcast Control " on/off ", " relative dimming " and " set brightness value " will be visible. And you can operate switching, dimming and brightness value setting of all devices on the channel.

—Parameter " All device power on Value "

This parameter is visible when the last parameter selected to " yes ", for configuring brightness values when turn on the device through object " on/off ".Optional:

*Min physical brightness*

10%

20%

...

100%

The parameter is to configure all the DALI devices on the channel turning on in the preset value of the parameter in broadcast mode. In order to achieve a DALI dimming control for DALI device on the Channel.

## 5.5 Parameter setting interface " status "

This interface is used to set various status reports, such as Switch / brightness status report for the selected device, the error report of lamps or ballasts, the KNX bus voltage exception report, short circuit reports, and so on.

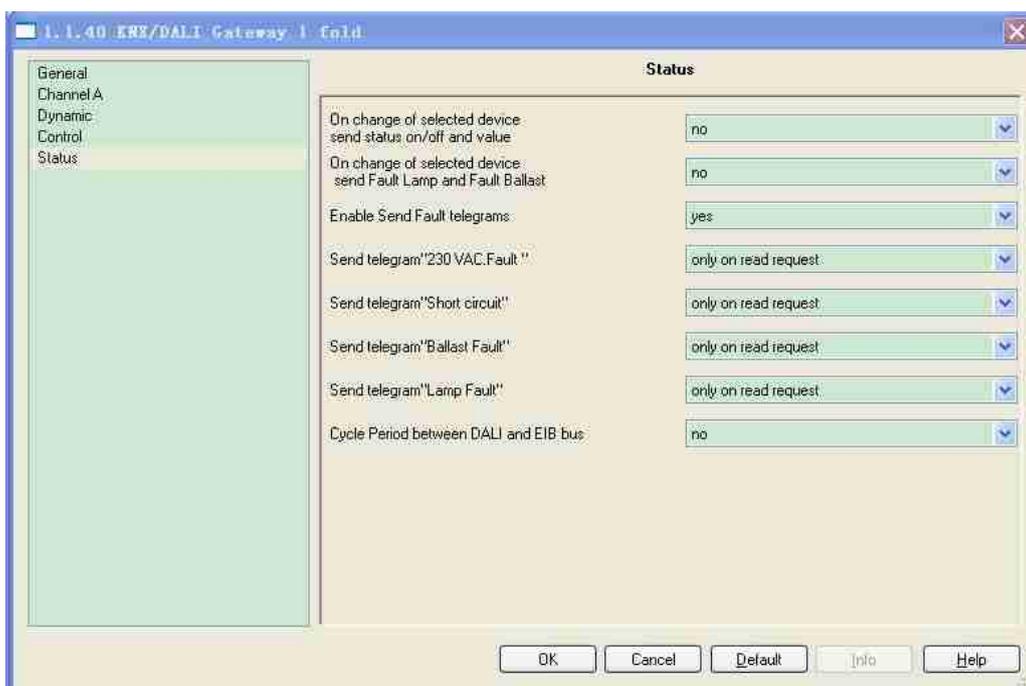


Figure 5.5 parameter setting interface " status "

### —Parameter " On change of selected device send status on/off and Value "

Optional:

Yes

No

Select " yes ", after selecting a DALI devices, when the switch status and brightness values of the device change, the objects " selected device status " and " selected device read brightness " will send the latest switch status and brightness values to the EIB bus ;

Select " no ", you can use the Object " selected device status " and " selected device read brightness " reads the current switch status and brightness of the selected device.

—Parameter " On change of selected device send fault lamp and fault ballast

Optional:

*Yes*

*No*

Select " yes ", after selecting a DALI devices, when ballasts and lamps status of the device change, the objects " selected device lamp failure " and " selected device ballast failure " will send the latest lamp and ballast status to the EIB bus ;

Select " no ", you can use the object " selected device lamp failure " and " selected device ballast failure " to read lamp status and ballast status of the selected device.

—Parameter " enable send fault telegrams "

This parameter is to configure whether send the error status reports to the EIB bus when exception occurs with the DALI gateway or connected DALI device.

Optional:

*Yes*

*No*

Select " yes ", the following parameters are visible, it will send error report automatically by use the query or status change.

—Parameter " Send telegram " 230 VAC fault " "

Optional:

*Only on read request*

*On change of status*

When option is " only on read request " when communications object " bus power fault " receive a reading request, the current operation voltage status will be sent to the EIB bus;

When options is " On change of status ", when operating voltage status changes, the communications objects " bus power fault " will send the current status to the EIB bus.

Message '1':abnormal operating voltage ,message'0':normal operating voltage

—Parameter " Send telegram " short circuit " "

options:

*Only on read request*

*On change of status*

When option is " only on read request ", when communications object " electric short circuit fault " receive a reading request, the over current or short circuit status of DALI communication terminal will be sent to the EIB bus ;

When options is " On change of status ", when the over current or short circuit status of DALI communication terminal changes, the communications object " electric short circuit fault " will send the current status to the EIB bus ;

Message '1':over current or short circuit on DALI communication terminal ;  
message'0':DALI communication terminal back to normal

——**Parameter " Send telegram " ballast fault " "**

This parameter is used to report if the ballast is abnormal, when one or more ballast don't work, there will report the exception.

Optional :

*Only on read request*

*On change of status*

When option is " only on read request ", when communications object " ballast fault " receive a reading request, the status of ballast will be sent to the EIB bus ;

When options is " On change of status ", when ballast status changes, the communications object " ballast fault " will send the current status to the EIB bus ;

Message '1':one or more ballasts abnormal; message'0':ballasts normal

——**Parameter " Send telegram 'lamp fault' "**

This parameter is used to report whether there is the lamps exception, when there are one or more lamps not working or not connected, then will report the exception.

Optional:

*Only on read request*

*On change of status*

When option is " only on read request ", and communications object " lamp fault report " "

receive a reading request, the status of the lights will be sent to the EIB bus ;

When options is " On change of status ", and the status of lights change, the communications object " lamp fault report " will send the current status to the EIB bus;

Message '1':one or more lamps abnormal; message'0':lamps normal.

——**Parameter " cycle period between DALI and EIB bus "**

The parameters is used to set the EIB bus and the DALI bus to communicate with each other.

Optional:

*Yes*

*No*

Select " yes ", if the EIB bus and DALI bus communication fails, the communication object " tele. Communication " will send the message " 1 " to the EIB bus circularly. If the communication is normal, a message " 0 " will sent to the EIB bus. There won't be circular sending when the communication is normal, only when a communication failure sending messages circularly; cyclical intervals can be set by the following parameter " Transmission Control timeout ".

——**Parameter " period of time "**

This parameter is to set the interval for message circular sending between EIB and DALI bus communication. Optional:

*5s*

*10s*

*...*

*12h*

## **6. Description of communication objects**

### **6.1 For a single DALI device object of communication**

The following communication object only applies to the 64 DALI devices on the channel A. Each device has a separate switch object, relative dimmer objects and absolute dimmer objects, The single DALI device can be controlled through these objects.

NO.	Function	Object Name	Type	Flags
0~63	Switch/status	Ax (x= 0 . . . 63) switch	1 bit	C,W,T
<p>This communication object is used to switch DALI device. If the device receives the report whose logic value is "1" it will be open according to the predetermined value, if it receives value of "0", then turn it off. At the same time the communication object also sends the current switch state to EIB bus, if the brightness value is greater than 0, the communication object sends a message "1" to the bus; if the brightness value is 0, sends a "0" to the bus, the specific sending way se definite by the parameter "Send the switch status response", please refer to the description of the parameters in section 5.2.1 to this parameter for details.</p> <p>Message:</p> <p>1——on</p> <p>0——off</p>				
64~127	Relative Dimming	Ax (x= 0 . . . 63) Relative Dimming	4bit	C,W
<p>Through the communication object to light up or down, when the input values is 1~7 means dimming the light up, in this range the larger value, the smaller margin to dimmer the light down, when the value is 7 represents the maximum amplitude of dimming the light down, 0 is to stop dimming; When the input values is 9~15 shows dimming light up. The higher value in this range, the smaller margin to dimmer the light up, when the value is 9 represents the maximum amplitude of dimming the light up, value of 15 means the minimum amplitude, 8 is stop to dimming.</p> <p>Message:0···15</p>				
128~191	Brightness value/status	Ax (x= 0 . . . 63) Brightness	1byte	C,W,T
<p>The communication object by receiving the brightness value to open or close the Dali devices. If the brightness of the received value greater than 0, then turn on the lights, if receive the brightness value "0", then turn off the lights. At the same time the communication object will also send the brightness values of the current state to the EIB bus. the specific way to send by the parameter “Send brightness status response” definition, please refer to the description of the</p>				

parameters in section 5.2.1 to this parameter for details.

Message: 0...255 (0...100%)

For each DALI device object of communication

The following communication object can switch ,dimmer and set brightness value the selected DALI device directly, adding and deleting from groups which they belongs.

NO.	Function	Object Name	Type	Flags
192	Device select	Channel A	1byte	C,R,W
<p>Through this object selects to control the DALI device. Before the new value is written to the object, the device will remain in the selected state. When the Bus power supply is restored, there is no device is in the selected state.</p> <p>Message:</p> <p>1—— Device A0 is selected</p> <p>.....</p> <p>64——Device A63 is selected</p> <p>Note: 0 and 65... 255 deselect the selected device, mean no device in the selected state.</p>				
193	Selected Device On/Off	Channel A	1bit	C,R,W
<p>The communication object is used to switch the selected DALI device. The selected device through this object can be switched. If the object receives the report whose logic value is "1", the selected DALI device according will be open according to the predetermined value, "0" is turned off.</p> <p>Message:</p> <p>1——on</p> <p>0——off</p>				
194	Selected Device Rel. Dimming	Channel A	4bits	C,W
<p>Through the communication object to light up or down, when the input values is 1~7 means dimming the light up, in this range the larger value, the smaller margin to dimmer the light down, when the value is 7 represents the maximum amplitude of dimming the light down, 0 is to stop dimming; When the input values is 9~15 shows dimming light up. The higher value in this range, the smaller</p>				

margin to dimmer the light up, when the value is 9 represents the maximum amplitude of dimming the light up, value of 15 means the minimum amplitude, 8 is stop to dimming.

Message:0...15

195	Selected Device Set Value	Channel A	1byte	C,W
-----	---------------------------	-----------	-------	-----

The communication object open or close the selected DALI device by receiving the brightness value, If the received brightness values is higher than 0, open, if the received brightness value is "0", then close.

Message :0...255 (0...100%)

196	Selected Device Status	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T
-----	------------------------	-----------	------	-------

The communication object is the switch of DALI device status which is selected in the current report for the bus; If the parameter interface parameters of 5.5 “On change of selected device send status on/off and value” Option is "No", do not send switch status report, But you can read the current selected DALI device switch state, on the contrary, the options for "yes", if the switch state of selected DALI device changes, it immediately to send the current state of the switch to the bus.

Message:

1—on

0—off

197	Selected Device Read Brightness	Channel A	1byte	C,R,T
-----	------------------------------------	-----------	-------	-------

The communication object is the brightness of DALI device status which is selected in the current report for the bus; If the parameter interface parameters of 5.5 “On change of selected device send status on/off and value” Option is "No", do not send brightness status report, But you can read the current selected DALI device brightness state, on the contrary, the options for "yes", if the brightness state of selected DALI device changes, it immediately to send the current state of the brightness to the bus.

Message:0...255 (0...100%)

198	Selected Device Lamp Failure	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T
-----	------------------------------	-----------	------	-------

The communication object is the amps of DALI device error which is selected in the current report for the bus; If the parameter interface parameters of 5.5 “On change of selected device send Fault Lamp and Fault Ballast” Option is "No", do not send the lamps of DALI device error report, But you can read

the current selected the lamps of DALI device error value on the contrary, the options for "yes", If the lamps of the selected DALI device error value changes, it immediately to send the current state of the lamps to the bus.

Message:

1—The lamps of the selected equipment damage or not connected

0—The lamps of the selected equipment is normal

199	Selected Device Ballast Failure	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T
-----	---------------------------------	-----------	------	-------

The communication object is the ballasts of DALI device error which is selected in the current report for the bus; If the parameter interface parameters of 5.5 “On change of selected device send Fault Lamp and Fault Ballast” Option is "No", do not send the 1 ballasts of DALI device error report, But you can read the current selected the ballasts of DALI device error value on the contrary, the options for "yes", If the ballasts of the selected DALI device error value changes, it immediately to send the current state of the ballasts to the bus.

Message:

1—The ballast for the selected equipment damage

0—The selected equipment ballast is normal

200	Selected Device Remove from Group(x=1…16)	Channel A	1byte	C,W
-----	---	-----------	-------	-----

Through this object can select DALI device is removed from the group Gx. When using this object, it need confirm with DALI device is selected.

Message:

1—Delete the selected device to Group 1

...

16—Delete the selected device to Group 16

201	Selected Device Add to Group(x=1…16)	Channel A	1byte	C, W
-----	--------------------------------------	-----------	-------	------

Through this object can select DALI device is added to the group Gx, when using this object, it need confirm with DALI device is selected.

Message:

1—Add the selected device to Group 1

...

16——Add the selected device to Group 16																																				
202	Selected Device Own Groups	Channel A	2bytes	C, R																																
<p>Through this object can be queried by the selected DALI device belonging to a group. Each bit represents one of the group, every bit of the value of "0" does not belong to the group, as "1" belongs to the group. If the object's value is 0,the DALI device does not belong to any group. Specific message format is as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Bit15</td><td>Bit14</td><td>Bit13</td><td>Bit12</td><td>Bit11</td><td>Bit10</td><td>Bit9</td><td>Bit8</td><td>Bit7</td><td>Bit6</td><td>Bit5</td><td>Bit4</td><td>Bit3</td><td>Bit2</td><td>Bit1</td><td>Bit0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G8</td><td>G7</td><td>G6</td><td>G5</td><td>G4</td><td>G3</td><td>G2</td><td>G1</td><td>G16</td><td>G15</td><td>G14</td><td>G13</td><td>G12</td><td>G11</td><td>G10</td><td>G9</td> </tr> </table> <p>Note:Group short for G</p>					Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G16	G15	G14	G13	G12	G11	G10	G9
Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0																					
G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G16	G15	G14	G13	G12	G11	G10	G9																					

Group control object of communication

The following communication object is used to realize the group control of DALI equipment, such as for selected group of switch, dimming, set the brightness value.

NO.	Function	Object Name	Type	Flags
203	Selected Group	Channel A	1byte	C,R, W
<p>By setting up to the object set of control group of devices, before the new value is written to the object, the device will remain selected state. Bus power supply is restored, there is no device is selected.</p> <p>Message:</p> <p>1——Group 1</p> <p>2——Group2</p> <p>...</p> <p>16——Group16</p> <p>Note: 0 and 17... 255 deselect the device, mean no device in the selected state.</p>				
204	Selected Group ON/OFF	Channel A	1bit	C,W
<p>The communication object is used to switch the selected DALI device. Through the communication object receives switch order, If receive the logical value of "1" message, belong to the selected group of DALI devices is opened according to the predetermined value, "0" switch is</p>				

closed.				
Message:				
1—on				
0—off				
205	Selected Group Rel. Dimming	Channel A	4bits	C, W
<p>Through the communication object light up or down with Select device, When the input values for 1~7 is down light, The greater the value in this range, the smaller to cut the amplitude of light, to 1 to downgrade the sharpest light, for at least 7,0 is to stop the dimmer; When the input values for 9~15 is up light, The greater the value in this range, the smaller to cut the amplitude of light, to 9 to downgrade the sharpest light, for at least 15, 8 is to stop the dimmer.</p> <p>Message:0···15</p>				
206	Selected Group Set Value	Channel A	1byte	C, W
<p>This communication object by receiving brightness values to open or close the Dali device belongs to the group. If the brightness of the received value greater than 0, then turn on the light, if the brightness of received values of "0", then turn off the lights. It depends on the parameter Settings of the brightness of light. Pay attention to the range of brightness values are in set between the minimum and maximum.</p> <p>Message :0···255 (0···100%)</p>				

Scene control object of communication

Every DALI device scenes can configure parameters through database, A total of 16 different scenes value can be configured, The following communication object can be used to recall and store the DALI device's 16 different scene value, there are 1 bit and 1 byte in two ways. Whether 1 bit or 1 byte, the realization of function is the same, just according to the actual application to choose a more suitable object type.

NO.	Function	Object Name	Type	Flags
210	Control scenes	Light scenes 1 ... 16	1byte	C, W
Through the communication object, DALI device calls and stored in the form of 1 byte,16				

scene can be controlled by this object. The scene of the message are defined as follows:

Set a 1 byte instructions for binary code: MXSS SSSS

M :

0 ——recall scene

1 ——recall scene

X : unused

S: scene NO.(1 . . . 16 )

Concrete are defined as follows:

KNX 1-byte Message	meaning
0or64	recall scene 1
1or65	recall scene 2
2or66	recall scene 3
...	...
15or79	recall scene 16
128or192	store scene 1
129or193	store scene 2
130or194	store scene 3
...	...
143or207	store scene 16

Note: when the bus electricity off, The new setting value will be saved.

211	Recall Scene 1/2(X/Y)	Scene 1/2	1bit	C, W
212	Recall Scene 3/4	Scene 3/4	1bit	C, W
213	Recall Scene 5/6	Scene 5/6	1bit	C, W
214	Recall Scene 7/8	Scene 7/8	1bit	C, W
215	Recall Scene 9/10	Scene 9/10	1bit	C, W
216	Recall Scene 11/12	Scene 11/12	1bit	C, W
217	Recall Scene 13/14	Scene 13/14	1bit	C, W
218	Recall Scene 15/16	Scene 15/16	1bit	C, W

Through these communication object, DALI device to call scenel bit. The brightness values

of the scene will open up DALI device according to the preset parameters.

Message:

0—Recall Scene X

1—Store Scene Y

219	Store scene 1/2 (X/Y)	Scene 1/2	1bit	C, W
220	Store scene 3/4	Scene 3/4	1bit	C, W
221	Store scene 5/6	Scene 5/6	1bit	C, W
222	Store scene 7/8	Scene 7/8	1bit	C, W
223	Store scene 9/10	Scene 9/10	1bit	C, W
224	Store scene 11/12	Scene 11/12	1bit	C, W
225	Store scene 13/14	Scene 13/14	1bit	C, W
226	Store scene 15/16	Scene 15/16	1bit	C, W

Through these communication object, DALI device stored in the form of 1 bit scene. It can be stored in the current brightness values of the DALI device to the scene. As the new setting value, will take the new setting value open DALI device to the next call.

Message:

0—Store scene X

1—Store scene Y

Note: when the bus electricity off, the new setting value will be saved.

Communication object in whole channel

NO.	Function	Object Name	Type	Flags
207	On/Off	Channel A	1bit	C, W

Through the communication object, all the DALI device can perform on and off at the channel A, it means to through broadcasting mode control connection of the DALI device on channel A. If the received message as "1" The DALI device opens is connected on channel A according to the predetermined value, the received message as "0", then closed.

Message:

1—on

0—off				
208	Relative Dimming	Channel A	4bit	C, W
<p>Through the communication object to light up or down with the selected device, When the input values for 1~7 is down light, The greater the value in this range, the smaller to cut the amplitude of light, to 1 to downgrade the sharpest light, for at least 7,0 is to stop the dimmer; When the input values for 9~15 is up light, The greater the value in this range, the smaller to cut the amplitude of light, to 9 to downgrade the sharpest light, for at least 15, 8 is to stop the dimmer.</p> <p>Message:0...15</p>				
209	Set Brightness Value	Channel A	1byte	C, W
<p>Through the communication object can receive brightness values to open or close DALI device on the channels A, If the brightness of the received value greater than 0, then turn on the light, if receive the brightness values for "0, is to turn off the lights. Pay attention to the range of brightness values are in set between the minimum and maximum.</p> <p>Message:0...255 (0...100%)</p>				
227	Telegram. Fault Ballast(s)	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T
<p>Through the communication object report channels DALI ballast device error status on the channel A, If detected one or more of the DALI ballast device has the damage, then the object has a value of "1", normal is "0".</p> <p>Message:</p> <p>1 — One or more of the ballast is damaged</p> <p>0 — Ballast is normal</p>				
228	Telegram. Fault 230 VAC	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T
<p>Through the communication object report 230 v operation voltage is normal or not, If the operating voltage is abnormal, the object has a value of 1; On the contrary, normal to 0.</p> <p>Message:</p> <p>1 — 230V Abnormal operating voltage</p> <p>0 — 230V Normal operating voltage</p>				
229	Telegram. Fault Lamp(s)	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T

Through the communication object report Lamps of DALI device error status on the channel .If lamps and of DALI device didn't answer the phone or damaged on the channel A, then the communication object has A value of "1",Normal to "0".

Message:

1—— One or more of the lamps is damaged or doesn't answer

0—— The normal work of lamps

230	Telegram. Electric Short Circuit	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T
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Through the communication object report on channel A of the DALI communication terminal flow or short circuit condition. such as, communication occurs at the short circuit ,the communication object will send a "1" to the EIB bus error status, communication end back to normal, send a message to the bus of "0".

Message:

1 —— DALI communication flow or short circuit

0 —— DALI communication port is normal

231	Telegram. Communication	Channel A	1bit	C,R,T
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Through the communication object report on channel A DALI device can receive the KNX message, if it can normal communication, then the communication object values is "0", communication failure is "1".

Message:

1—— EIB and DALI Bus communication failure

0—— EIB and DALI Bus communication normal

232	Detect Ballasts	Channel A	1bit	C, W
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The communication object is used to detect the ballast and lamps and of damage of the DALI device on DALI bus.

Message:

1 —— Test

0 —— Unused

Through the communication object, DALI gateway will detect the lamps of DALI bus

device. At the same time, ballast condition will be the total number of DALI device is used to the EIB bus on DALI bus issued a report. If there is abnormal on detect DALI bus Device, the DALI gateway will prompt, yellow light, will pass through the "Device Number "to send a message.

At the same time, in DALI bus gateway detect DALI device, the red light will blink. When testing is completed, DALI gateway is not found to have abnormal equipment, the green light, if it is abnormal, the yellow light, but DALI gateway can still be normal operate.

233	Assigned DALI Address	Channel A	1bit	C, W
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Through the communication object of "assigned DALI address " can allocate DALI address, Object receives a message "0", to erasure all the address of DALIS device on the channel, after erasing DALI device is in a state of no address, are not separately to control, only can operate on the broadcast control mode; Received a message "1", DALI gateway detect if there is no address of DALI device on channel , if there is unallocated address, DALI gateway will detect a not used in the distribution of DALI address. For example, 6 DALI devices are connected, the address is 0-5, if the new device address is 4, 6 DALI devices put before disconnect from the DALI bus, then through this object erase new device address, to assign a DALI address, the address will get 6, distribution after the 6 DALI original device connected with DALI bus.

Message:

1—— Give not DALI address to device allocation of unused DALI addresses

0—— Erasure channels of DALI device address

The object types is 1 byte at present.

When the erasure channels DALI address of the device, due to the DALI equipment is in a state of no address, then the DALI gateway can only to broadcast control channel device.

234	Device Number	Channel A	1byte	C, T
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The communication object used to report the number of the DALI device on a channel, and detect the state of DALI device .DALI gateway in electrical reset will be through the communication object report on the number DALI device on a channel. In the process of detection of DALI equipment will send abnormal condition of the DALI device through the object, which can eliminate the bus has been abnormal device .In general, In the process of initial installation will only be used in the process of the communication object report the DALI devices on the

channel usage.

Message:

Set a 1 byte instructions for binary code: MXSS SSSS

When MX is 0, SSSSSS said the number of channels on all of the DALI devices

When MX is not 0, SSSSSS said the number of abnormal DALI equipment.

M-----1 Said the lamps of the DAIL device has been damaged.

X-----1 Said the DALI ballast has been damaged.